Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations. Revision Date: 11/09/2022 Date of Issue: 11/09/2022

Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixtures

Product Name: #25 Lavender de Provence Wax-based Products (Poured Candles, Votives, and Melts) **Product Code:** 50225, 60125, 60225, 61125, 61325, 70125, 70325, 70925, 71125, 71325

*This document is intended to be used for safety in the workplace only, and is not a consumer document.

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Home Fragrance

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Trapp Fragrances 1025 W. 8th St. Kansas City, Missouri 64101 T: 1-800-670-4212

www.trappfragrances.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2A	H319
Skin Sens. 1	H317
Aquatic Acute 2	H401
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

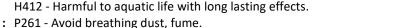
2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard	Pictograms	(GHS-US)	
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Signal Word (GHS-US)	
Hazard Statements (GHS-US)	

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)



P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

- contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).
- P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

: Warning

: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H401 - Toxic to aquatic life.

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P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%
Linalool	(CAS-No.) 78-70-6	4.8 - 8
Linalyl acetate	(CAS-No.) 115-95-7	3.2 - 4.8
Camphor	(CAS-No.) 76-22-2	0.16 - 1.6
Eucalyptus Oil	(CAS-No.) 8000-48-4	0.16 - 1.6
Oils, Lavandin	(CAS-No.) 93455-96-0	0.16 - 1.6

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists. In molten form: Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten product. Removal of solidified molten material from skin requires medical assistance.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention. In molten form: Removal of solidified molten material from the eyes requires medical assistance.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Skin sensitization.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Contact with hot wax may cause thermal burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Contact with hot wax may cause thermal burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, fog, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂), dry chemical powder.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but will burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product itself is not explosive but if dust is generated, dust clouds suspended in air can be explosive.

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Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Remove containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Avoid raising dust. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Nitrogen oxides. Ketones. Aldehydes. Organic compounds. Irritating fumes.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Do not add water to molten material as this may cause spattering.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Where possible allow molten material to solidify naturally.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Cool molten material to limit spreading. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. For particulates and dust: Use only non-sparking tools. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product. Contains substances that are combustible dusts. If dried and allowed to accumulate, may form combustible dust concentrations in air that could ignite and cause an explosion. Take appropriate precautions.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Avoid creating or spreading dust.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds. When molten: water.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Camphor (76-22-2)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	2 ppm (synthetic)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	3 ppm (synthetic)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen synthetic
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (synthetic)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	200 mg/m ³ (synthetic)

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Avoid creating or spreading dust.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Thermal Hazard Protection: When working with hot material, use suitable thermally protective clothing. **Other Information:** When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties		
Physical State	: Solid	
Appearance	: Not available	
Odor	: Not available	
Odor Threshold	: Not available	
рН	: Not available	
Evaporation Rate	: Not available	
Melting Point	: Not available	
Freezing Point	: Not available	
Boiling Point	: Not available	
Flash Point	: Not available	
Auto-ignition Temperature	: Not available	
Decomposition Temperature	: Not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available	
Lower Flammable Limit	: Not available	
Upper Flammable Limit	: Not available	
Vapor Pressure	: Not available	
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	: Not available	

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Relative Density	:	Not available
Specific Gravity	:	Not available
Solubility	:	Not available
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	:	Not available
Viscosity	:	Not available
CECTION 40. CTADULITY AND DEACTIVIT	'V	

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials. Avoid creating or spreading dust.

10.5. Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds. When molten: water.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

Linalool (78-70-6)	
LD50 Oral Rat	2790 mg/kg
Linalyl Acetate (115-95-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	14550 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Camphor (76-22-2)	
ATE US/CA (oral)	500.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE US/CA (dust, mist)	1.50 mg/l/4h
Oils, Lavandin (93455-96-0)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5 g/kg

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation.

Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Contact with hot wax may cause thermal burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Contact with hot wax may cause thermal burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION 12.1. Toxicity Ecology - General: Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Linalool (78-70-6) LC50 Fish 1 27.8 mg/l EC50 Daphnia 1 20 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna) **NOEC Chronic Algae** 5.6 mg/l Linalyl Acetate (115-95-7) EC50 Daphnia 1 6 mg/l 12.2. Persistence and Degradability #25 Lavender de Provence Wax-based Products (Poured Candles, Votives, and Melts) Persistence and Degradability May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. 12.3. **Bioaccumulative Potential** #25 Lavender de Provence Wax-based Products (Poured Candles, Votives, and Melts) Not established. **Bioaccumulative Potential** Linalool (78-70-6) Log Pow 2.84 - 3.1 (at 25 °C) 12.4. **Mobility in Soil** Not available 12.5. **Other Adverse Effects** Other Information: Avoid release to the environment. SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS 13.1. Waste treatment methods Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport

- 14.2. In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport
- 14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. **US Federal Regulations**

#25 Lavender de Provence Wax-based Products (Poured Candles, Votives, and Melts)

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Immediate (acute) health hazard Linalool (78-70-6) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Linalyl Acetate (115-95-7) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Camphor (76-22-2) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Eucalyptus Oil (8000-48-4) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Oils, Lavandin (93455-96-0) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

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15.2. US State Regulations

Camphor (76-22-2)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest	: 11/09/2022
Devision	, , -

Revision Other Information

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization Category 1
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)